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parts and complete assemblies, including the identification of any special manufacturing processes involved, the means used to control the processes, the final test procedure for the complete product, and, in the case of aircraft, a copy of the manufacturer's production flight test procedures and checkoff list;

- (4) An outline of the materials review system, including the procedure for recording review board decisions and disposing of rejected parts;
- (5) An outline of a system for informing company inspectors of current changes in engineering drawings, specifications, and quality control procedures: and
- (6) A list or chart showing the location and type of inspection stations.
- (b) Each prime manufacturer shall make available to the Administrator information regarding all delegation of authority to suppliers to make major inspections of parts or assemblies for which the prime manufacturer is responsible.

[Doc. No. 5085, 29 FR 14569, Oct. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 21–51, 45 FR 60170, Sept. 11, 1980]

§21.147 Changes in quality control system.

After the issue of a production certificate, each change to the quality control system is subject to review by the Administrator. The holder of a production certificate shall immediately notify the Administrator, in writing of any change that may affect the inspection, conformity, or airworthiness of the product.

$\S 21.149$ Multiple products.

The Administrator may authorize more than one type certificated product to be manufactured under the terms of one production certificate, if the products have similar production characteristics.

§21.151 Production limitation record.

A production limitation record is issued as part of a production certificate. The record lists the type certificate of every product that the applicant is authorized to manufacture under the terms of the production certificate.

§21.153 Amendment of the production certificates.

The holder of a production certificate desiring to amend it to add a type certificate or model, or both, must apply therefor in a form and manner prescribed by the Administrator. The applicant must comply with the applicable requirements of §§ 21.139, 21.143, and 21.147.

§21.155 Transferability.

A production certificate is not transferable.

§21.157 Inspections and tests.

Each holder of a production certificate shall allow the Administrator to make any inspections and tests necessary to determine compliance with the applicable regulations in this subchapter.

§21.159 Duration.

A production certificate is effective until surrendered, suspended, revoked, or a termination date is otherwise established by the Administrator, or the location of the manufacturing facility is changed.

§ 21.161 Display.

The holder of a production certificate shall display it prominently in the main office of the factory in which the product concerned is manufactured.

§21.163 Privileges.

- (a) The holder of a production certificate may—
- (1) Obtain an aircraft airworthiness certificate without further showing, except that the Administrator may inspect the aircraft for conformity with the type design; or
- (2) In the case of other products, obtain approval for installation on type certificated aircraft.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §147.3 of this chapter, the holder of a production certificate for a primary category aircraft, or for a normal, utility, or acrobatic category aircraft of a type design that is eligible for a special airworthiness certificate in the primary category under §21.184(c), may—
- (1) Conduct training for persons in the performance of a special inspection

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and preventive maintenance program approved as a part of the aircraft's type design under §21.24(b), provided the training is given by a person holding a mechanic certificate with appropriate airframe and powerplant ratings issued under part 65 of this chapter; and

(2) Issue a certificate of competency to persons successfully completing the approved training program, provided the certificate specifies the aircraft make and model to which the certificate applies.

[Doc. No. 23345, 57 FR 41368, Sept. 9, 1992]

§21.165 Responsibility of holder.

The holder of a production certificate shall—

- (a) Maintain the quality control system in conformity with the data and procedures approved for the production certificate; and
- (b) Determine that each part and each completed product, including primary category aircraft assembled under a production certificate by another person from a kit provided by the holder of the production certificate, submitted for airworthiness certification or approval conforms to the approved design and is in a condition for safe operation.

[Doc. No. 5085, 29 FR 14569, Oct. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 21–64, 53 FR 48521, Dec. 1, 1988; Amdt. 21–70, 57 FR 41368, Sept. 9, 1992]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: By Docket No. FAA-2006-25877, 74 FR 53387, Oct. 16, 2009, subpart G of part 21 was revised, effective Apr. 14, 2010. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

Subpart G—Production Certificates

§21.131 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes—

- (a) Procedural requirements for issuing production certificates; and
- (b) Rules governing holders of those certificates.

§21.132 Eligibility.

Any person may apply for a production certificate if that person holds, for the product concerned—

- (a) A current type certificate,
- (b) A supplemental type certificate, or

(c) Rights to the benefits of that type certificate or supplemental type certificate under a licensing agreement.

§21.133 Application.

Each applicant must apply for a production certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the FAA.

§21.135 Organization.

Each applicant for or holder of a production certificate must provide the FAA with a document describing how its organization will ensure compliance with the provisions of this subpart. At a minimum, the document must describe assigned responsibilities and delegated authority, and the functional relationship of those responsible for quality to management and other organizational components.

§21.137 Quality system.

Each applicant for or holder of a production certificate must establish and describe in writing a quality system that ensures that each product and article conforms to its approved design and is in a condition for safe operation. This quality system must include:

- (a) Design data control. Procedures for controlling design data and subsequent changes to ensure that only current, correct, and approved data is used.
- (b) Document control. Procedures for controlling quality system documents and data and subsequent changes to ensure that only current, correct, and approved documents and data are used.
 - (c) Supplier control. Procedures that—
- (1) Ensure that each supplier-furnished product or article conforms to its approved design; and
- (2) Require each supplier to report to the production approval holder if a product or article has been released from that supplier and subsequently found not to conform to the applicable design data.
- (d) Manufacturing process control. Procedures for controlling manufacturing processes to ensure that each product and article conforms to its approved design.
- (e) Inspecting and testing. Procedures for inspections and tests used to ensure that each product and article conforms to its approved design. These procedures must include the following, as applicable:
- (1) A flight test of each aircraft produced unless that aircraft will be exported as an unassembled aircraft.
- (2) A functional test of each aircraft engine and each propeller produced.
- (f) Inspection, measuring, and test equipment control. Procedures to ensure calibration and control of all inspection, measuring, and test equipment used in determining conformity of each product and article to its approved design. Each calibration standard must be